







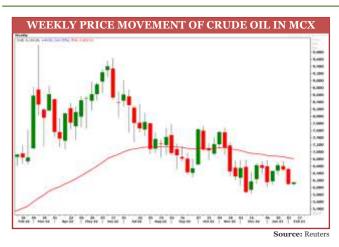
Source: Reuters & SMC Research

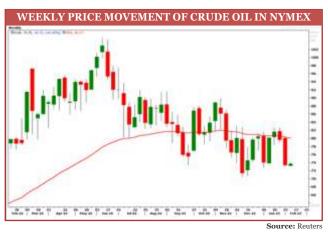
In January, crude prices traded in a tight range with marginal loss as the markets were seeking more cues from a Federal Reserve meeting and a potential economic recovery in China. The prices got some support as OPEC's oil output fell in January, as Iraqi exports dropped and Nigerian output did not recover, with the 10 OPEC members pumping 920,000 barrels per day (bpd) below OPEC+ targeted volumes, a Reuters survey found. Chinese business activity grew more than expected in January, government data showed, indicating that the country's economy was clearly on a path of recovery after it relaxed most anti-COVID restrictions earlier in the month. The data helped further the notion that a Chinese economic recovery will help spur increased crude demand in 2023. The International Energy Agency recently forecast that crude demand will rise to record highs in 2023 on the back of a Chinese recovery. But anticipation of a slew of central bank meetings in start of February month and fears of a near-term supply glut limited gains in oil prices.

# **Outlook**

- The recent volatility in oil prices may continue on fears of global recession, high inflation and interest rate hikes and as well as ongoing geopolitical developments.
- Producer group OPEC+ angered the United States and other Western nations in October when it decided to cut output by 2 million barrels a day from November through 2023, instead of pumping more to cut fuel prices and help the global economy as the U.S. advised.
- Saudi Arabia is waiting for clearer signs of rising oil demand before committing to hike crude production with its OPEC+
  counterparts, its energy minister said, while also warning that current global geopolitics and a lack of industry investment could
  create supply shortages.
- China's reopening and encouraging economic data from some major consuming countries in recent weeks have prompted some oil
  market forecasters to project firmer demand in the coming months, but Prince Abdulaziz bin Salman told an energy economics
  conference in Riyadh that he was yet to be convinced.
- Demand for U.S. crude and petroleum products rose 178,000 barrels per day (bpd) in November to 20.59 million bpd, the highest since August, the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) said.
- The European Union together with the international G7+ Price Cap Coalition have been implemented from 5 February 2023 on seaborne Russian petroleum products (such as diesel and fuel oil). The embargo will take effect exactly two months after the West took by far the most significant step to curtail fossil fuel export revenue funding Russia's war.
- The combined measures are expected to cause Russia to cut oil production by 500,000 b/d by March, according to S&P Global Commodity Insights, though about 270,000 b/d of that will return by the end of 2023 as the market finds ways to overcome logistical hurdles in trading and shipping Russian barrels.







In February 2022, Crude oil prices may trade with high volatility within the range of 5800-6600 where buying near support and sell near resistance would be strategy.

# **Natural** gas

In January, natural gas prices nosedived more than 40% on NYMEX & MCX, as an unusually warm start to the 2022/23 winter has led to considerably less heating demand in the United States versus the norm, leaving more gas in storage than initially thought. Due to weak consumption, at the week ended Jan. 27, U.S. gas storage stood at 2.583 tcf, or trillion cubic feet, up 9.4% from the year-ago level of 2.361 tcf, data from the Energy Information Administration showed. Responding to the warmth and lackluster storage draws, gas prices plunged from a 14-year high of \$10 per mmBtu in August, reaching \$7 in December and mid-\$2 levels this week despite growing forecasts for bitter cold later this month.

## **Outlook**

- In the major weather forecast models, including the U.S-based Global Forecast System and the European ECMWF models, showed that the looming cold weather event would be limited to the portions of the northern U.S. without meaningfully impacting the southern Plains and the Southeast region of the country.
- Europe is nearing the end of winter with record-high levels of natural gas in storage—news that has been appropriately celebrated in the media.
- EU gas demand needs to remain 13 percent lower than the 5-year average if the EU wants to meet its storage goals.
- In Europe, a milder-than-expected winter so far has meant that higher gas storage levels at the end of last year haven't been adequately utilized. At the end of January, reports suggest storage was about 72% full, well above the five-year average of 54% for this time of the year.
- U.S. gas production surged over the past two years, making ample supply available in response to higher demand. Production is set to continue to grow this year, as well, according to the Energy Information Administration.





Source: Reuters

MCX Natural gas trade in the range with high volatility where resistance is seen near 240 and support is seen near 170.



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